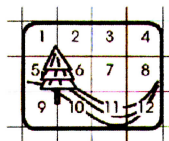


Each Image



Is divided into small
numbered data pieces

Each piece of data, its number,
and the "secret" are "hash"-ed
into an authentication code with
the Tiger hash function.

{11, , *someSecret*}



9F00F599072300DD

Then the number, piece of data and
hash code are added into the network

{11, , 9F00F599072300DD}

All mixed together in the chaff, choosing
the right pieces to recreate the original
image is almost impossible.

• • •

{11, , 8DF1CD1261655DE9}

{11, , 9F00F599072300DD}

{11, , 5EC1E457D3CDB303}

• • •

Unless you have the secret that is. With
the "secret" you can feed the triples

{11, , *someSecret*} => F258C1E88414AB2A

{11, , *someSecret*} => 8DF1CD1261655DE9

{11, , *someSecret*} => 9F00F599072300DD

into the Tiger hash function. If you get
the same hash code as is in the chaff
then you know this is a piece of the
original image.